

dnature Wine & Beverage Spoilage qPCR Kits

v1.5 June 2022

BRETT100	Brettanomyces bruxellensis qPCR Kit	100 tests
ZYGOBAILII100	Z. bailii qPCR Kit	100 tests
YEAST100	Total Yeast qPCR Kit	100 tests
BACT100	Total Bacteria qPCR kit	100 tests
ZYGOROUXII100	Z. rouxii qPCR Kit	100 tests
LACACID100	Lactic Acid Bacteria (Wine) qPCR Kit	100 tests
LAC-BEER100	Lactic Acid Bacteria (Beer) qPCR Kit	100 tests
DIASTAT100	Diastatic Yeast qPCR Kit	100 tests

Introduction

A number of yeasts and bacteria are associated with spoilage in wine, beer and other beverages. Rapid detection of these organisms is important to mitigate their effects before spoilage occurs. In addition to specific spoilage organisms, tests to detect total bacteria and yeast are also available to detect unknown species that are not detected with specific protocols.

Tests

For ease of use, the multiple components are provided as a 20X concentration mix. The mastermixes are provided at a 2X concentration. The intercalating dye mixes are colourless while the 'total bacteria' kit mastermix is blue.

Method

While most protocols use intercalating dye detection/melting curve, the 'total bacterial qPCR kit' uses hydrolysis probe methodology. This kit can be run together with the other kits, using the universal protocol below

DNA should be extracted from the wine, beer or other beverage by an appropriate method. Column-based kits are available from dnature for up to 2ml of sample.

Protocol (Per 10µl reaction)

Briefly vortex the 2X mastermix, 20X test-specific mix and pulse centrifuge prior to use

- Assemble a reaction cocktail comprising the following.
Allow extra for pipetting (reaction vials contain 10% additional volume to account for pipetting additions)

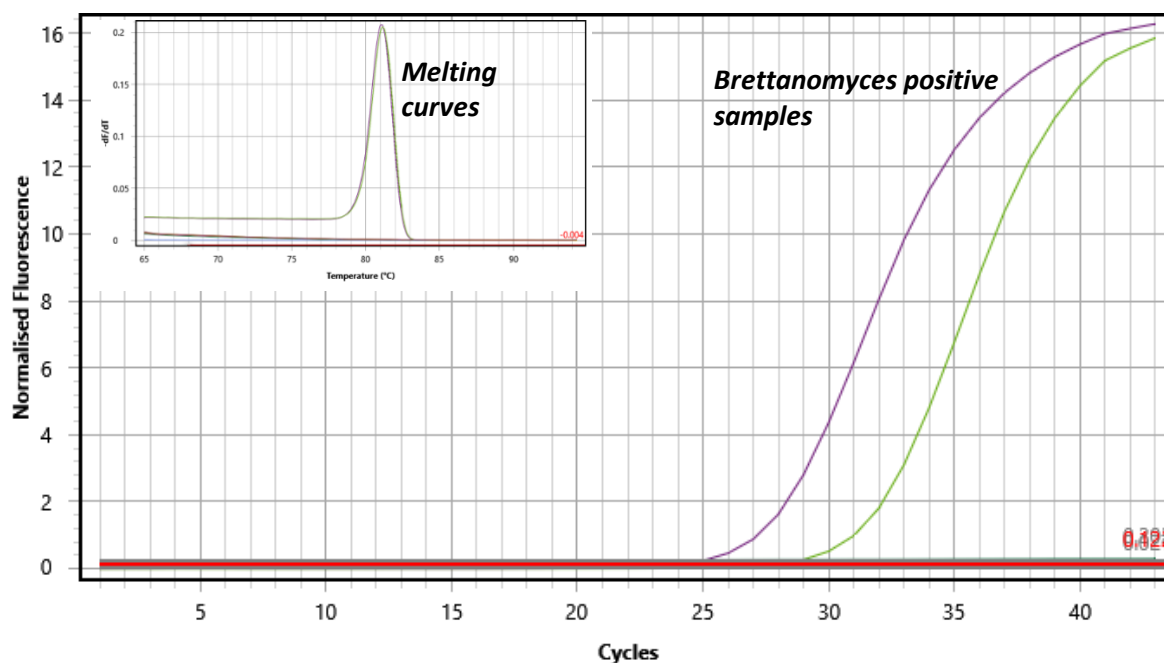
PCR-Grade Water	2.5 µL
20X test-specific mix	0.5 µL
2X Mastermix	5.0 µL

- Mix mastermix briefly by vortexing and pulse centrifugation before adding 8µl per well/tube, followed by 2µl DNA template (see notes)
- Seal tubes/plate and run as per instrument instructions

Suggested Run protocol (BMS Mic, for other instruments contact dnature)

- Step 1 Activation 95°C 3 minutes
- Step 2 Cycling 95°C 5 seconds]
 60°C 20 seconds] x 43 cycles
- Step 3 Melt 95°C 2 seconds
 65°C 5 seconds
- Melt from 65°C to 95°C at 0.3°C/s

Analysis



Notes

- Assay cut-offs should be determined in own laboratory. In the dnature laboratory, reactions with a Cq <38 are deemed positive.
- Increased template volumes may be used by reducing water at corresponding volume.
- For rapid extraction methods (e.g. LysoFAST, dnature) the template volume should be reduced to 1 µL initially.

Storage

- Oligo Mix and mastermixes are stable for 6 months at 4°C.
- Unused tubes should be stored at -20°C with freeze/thaw steps minimised.
- For longer term storage (up to 1 year) they may be stored at -20°C.